

# CARBON NANOTUBE BASED MASS SENSOR USING ATOMIC-RESOLUTION NANOMECHANICAL RESONATORS

M Roshini<sup>1</sup>, G Barani priyanga<sup>1</sup>, K Chandra Devi<sup>1</sup>

1.PSG College of Technology, Department of Biomedical Engineering, Coimbatore,Tamilnadu, India- 641004.

## Introduction:

The contamination with small molecule was a main problem in vacuum microelectronics devices and hence tracking these small molecule is mandatory. The main objective of this work is to design and simulate Single Walled Carbon-Nanotube (SWCNT) based mass sensor using COMSOL Multiphysics 4.4. The frequency of the resonator changes due to mass. The fundamental frequency of SWCNT is in the range of 10 GHz-1.5 THz, which is much higher than other traditional resonators made from silicon carbide.

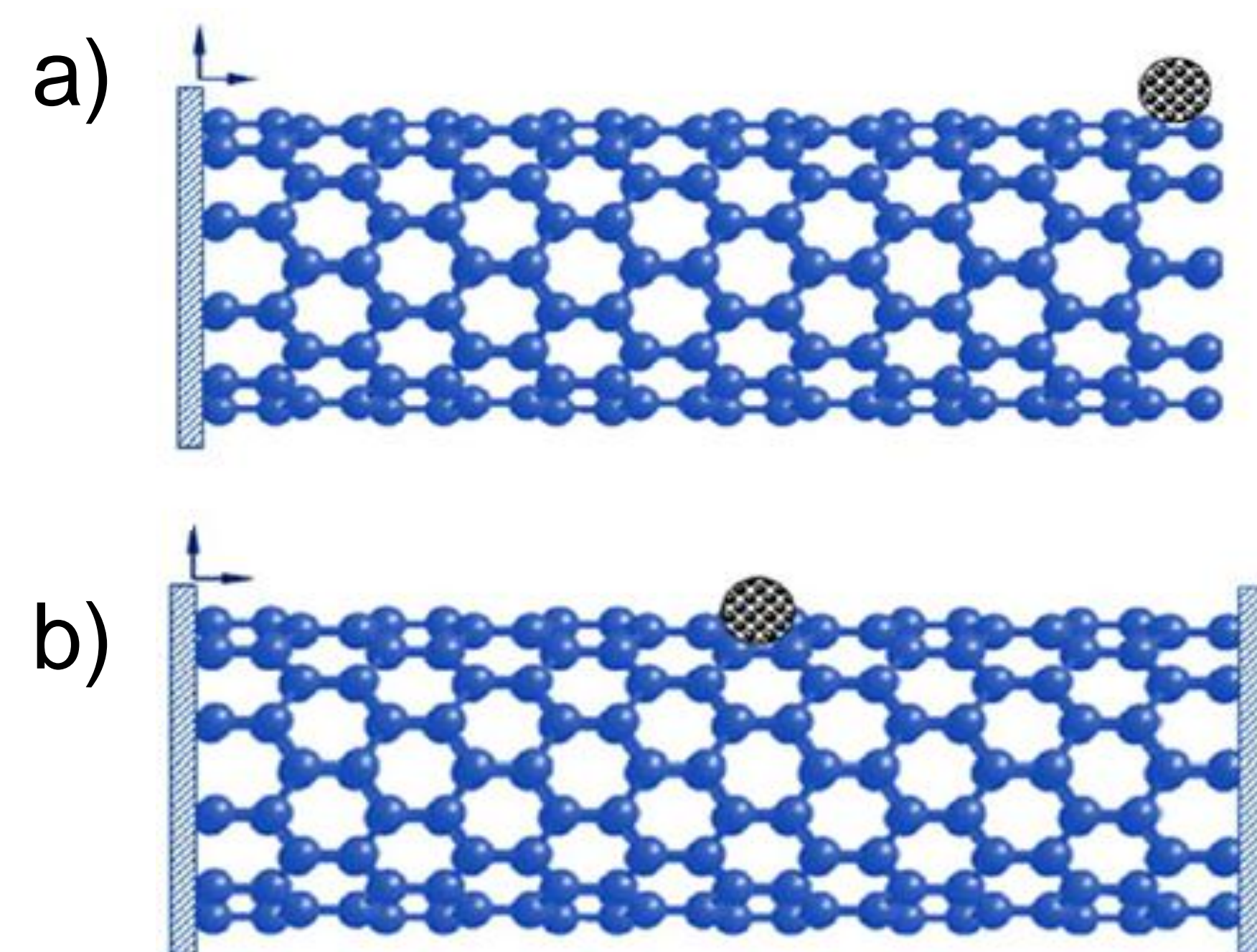


Figure 1: a) cantilever and b) bridged nanotube resonator

**Computational Methods:** A simple relation between the value of an attached mass and the corresponding measured resonant frequency

$$\log m = \alpha \log f + \beta \quad (m > 10^{-5} \text{ fg}) \quad (1)$$

Where  $m$  is attached mass,  $f$  is resonant frequency,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are dimensions of the tube.

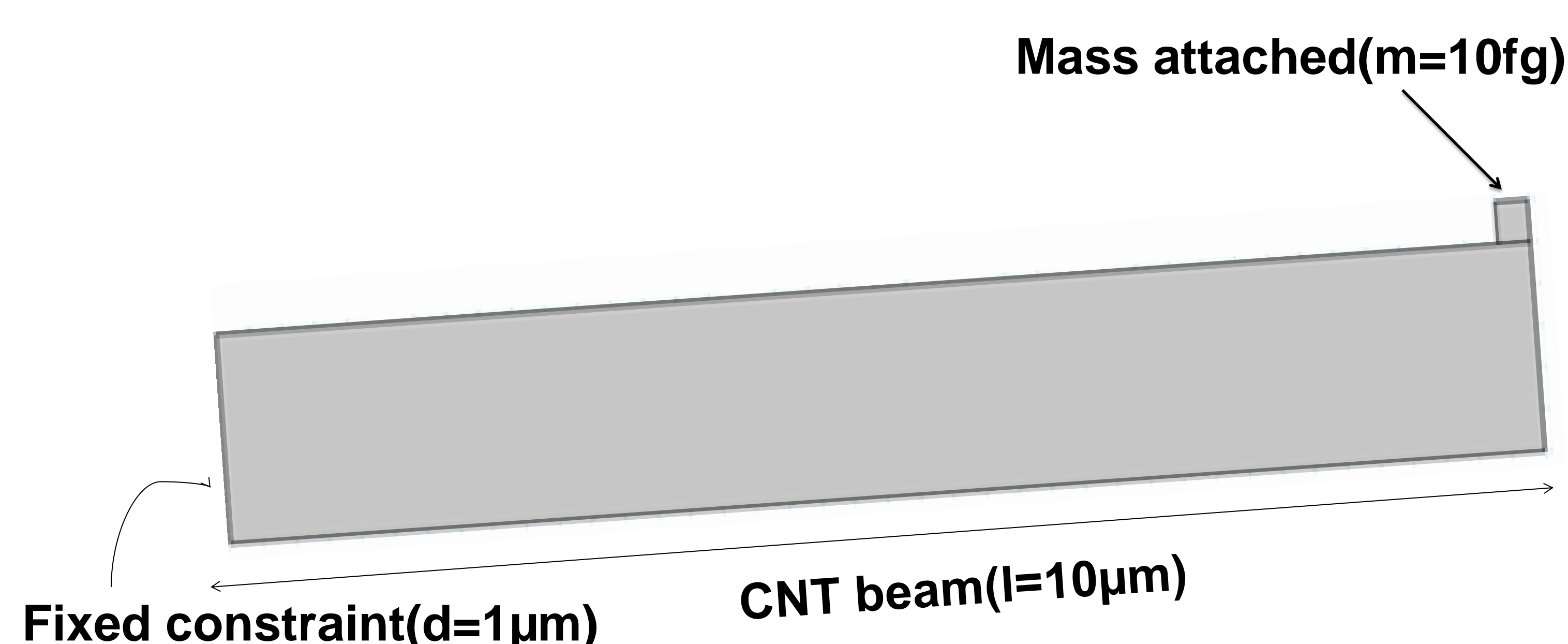


Figure 2: Cantilever based CNT sensor

**Results:** The results indicate that mass sensitivity of carbon nanotube-based nanobalances can reach  $10^{-21}$  g and a logarithmically linear relationship exists between the resonant frequency and the attached mass when the mass is larger than  $10^{-20}$  g

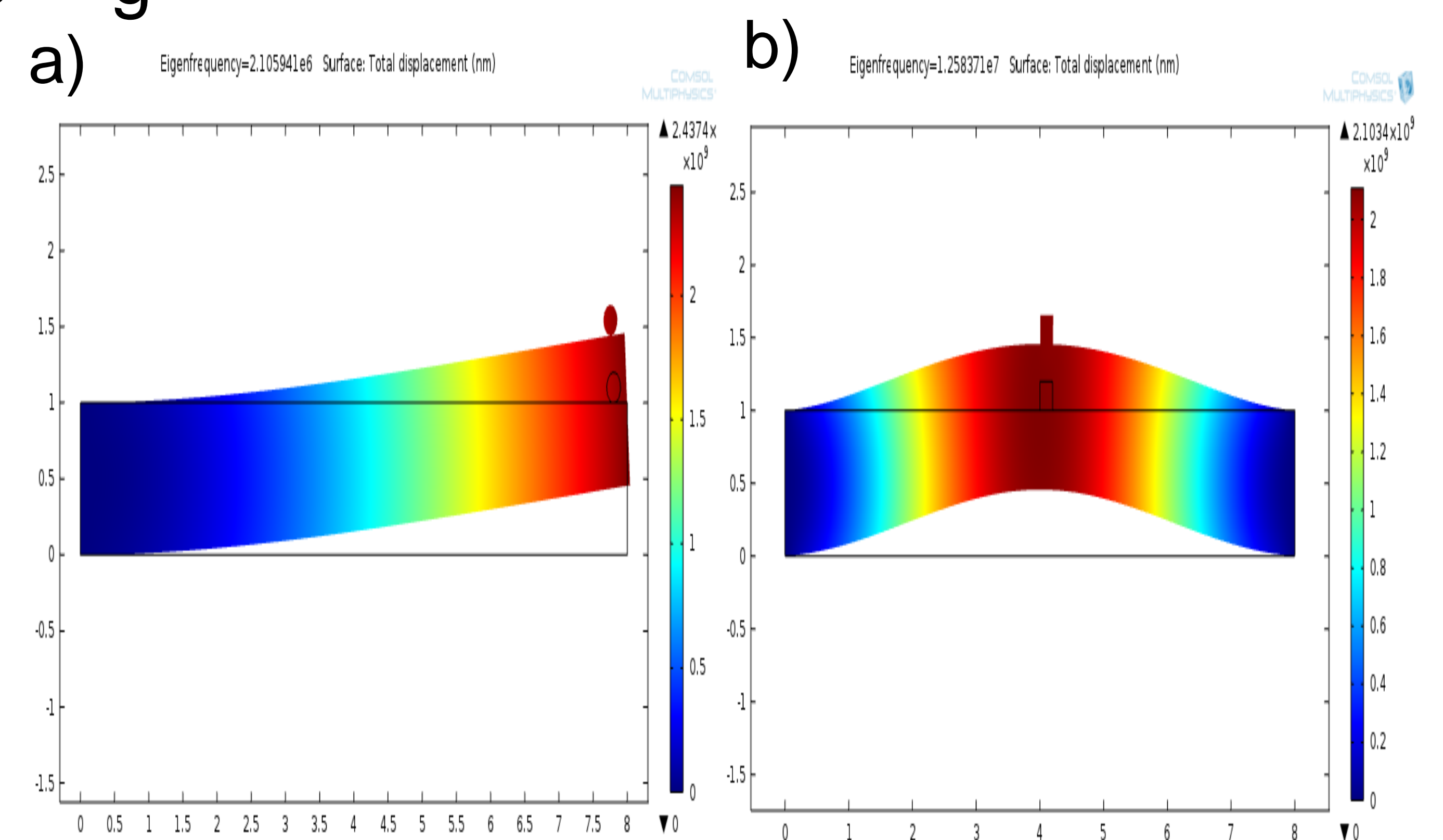


Figure 3: Displacement of a) Bridge based b) Cantilever based SWCNT

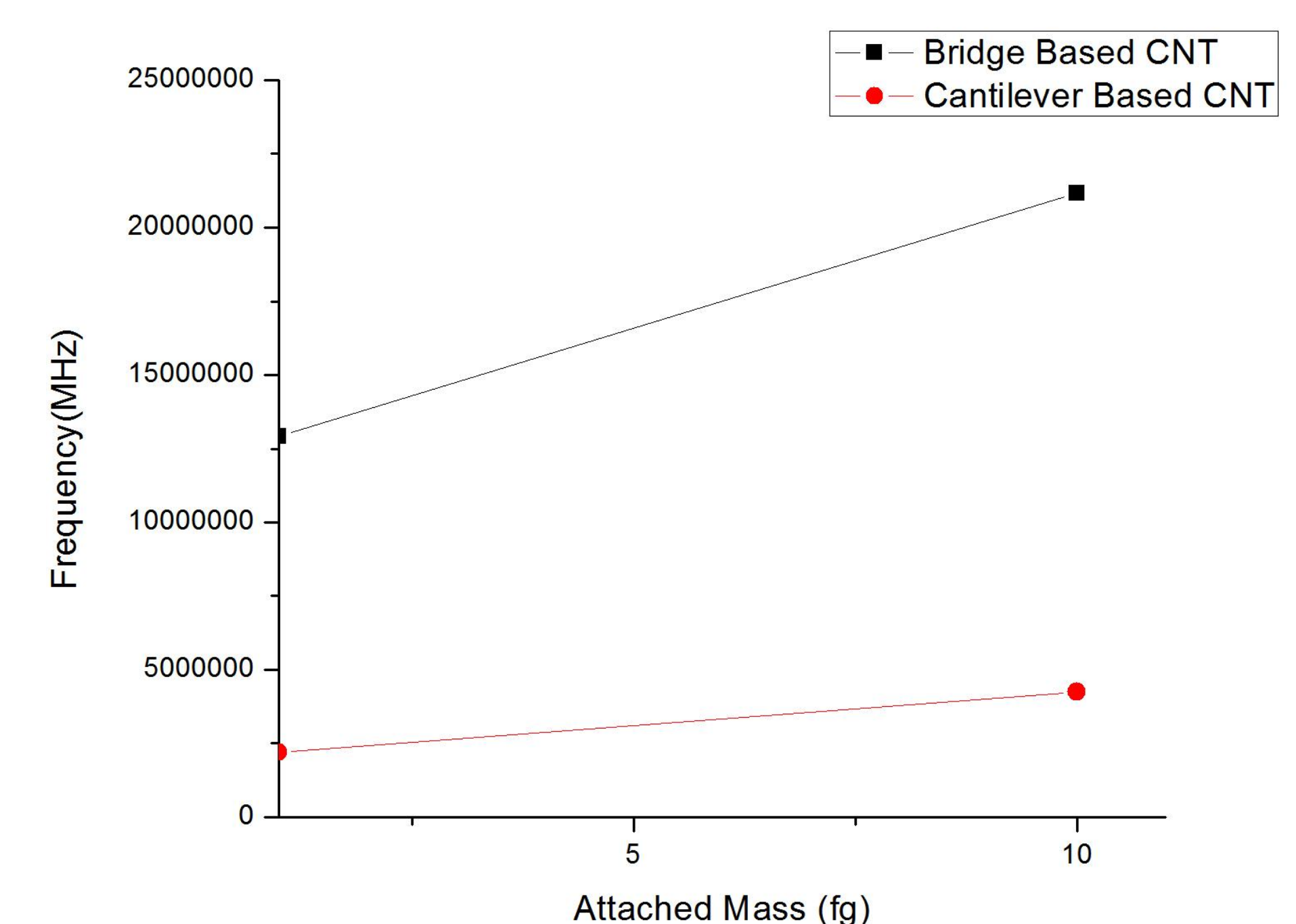


Figure 4: Fundamental frequency of bridge based and cantilever based nanotube resonators Vs attached mass.

**Conclusions:** MEMS technology exploits the existing microelctronic fabrication techniques to create a defect free devices. It is concluded that for SWCNT based mass sensors, Bridge based sensors vibrates at a very high frequency even for small molecules

## References:

- 1) Ankit Gupta, Satish C. sharma "Vibration Analysis of Carbon nanotube based mass sensor using different boundary conditions" International Journal of Mechanical Engineering, vol 2, No.1, Jan 2012.
- 2) Chunyu Li and Tsu-wei Chou "Mass detection using carbon nanotube-based nanomechanical resonators" APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS, volume 84, Number 25, June 2004